



(formerly Boss Power Corp.)

(an exploration stage enterprise)

Management Discussion and Analysis

Nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

3rd QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

*This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to supplement Eros Resources Corp.'s (the "Company" or "Eros") condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015. The report is at **November 25, 2016**.*

All monetary amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified.

The above referenced financial statements and the Company's other public filings can be found on SEDAR at (www.sedar.com).

INTRODUCTION

The MD&A has been prepared by management and reviewed and approved by the Board on November 25, 2016. The following discussion of performance, financial condition and future prospects should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, and also with the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. The information provided herein supplements but does not form part of the financial statements. This discussion covers the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and the subsequent period up to the date of issue of this MD&A. Additional information relevant to the Company's activities can be found on the Company's website www.erosresources.com and on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION

Certain information included in this MD&A contains forward-looking statements or forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws, including, without limitation, in respect of the Company's priorities, plans and strategies and the Company's anticipated financial and operating performance and prospects. All statements and information, other than statements of historical fact, included in or incorporated by reference into this MD&A are forward-looking statements and forward-looking information, including, without limitation, statements regarding activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate may occur in the future. Such forward-looking statements and information can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "will", "expect", "intend", "plan", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe" or "continue" or similar words and expressions or the negative thereof. There can be no assurance that the plans, intentions or expectations upon which such forward-looking statements and information are based will occur or, even if they do occur, will result in the performance, events or results expected. This information speaks only as of the date of this MD&A. In particular, this MD&A contains forward-looking information pertaining to the following:

- *potential receipt of regulatory approvals, permits and licenses and treatment under governmental regulatory regimes;*
- *the estimates of the Company's mineral resources;*
- *expectations of market prices and costs; and*
- *exploration, development and expansion plans and objectives.*

We caution readers of this MD&A not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and information contained herein, which are not a guarantee of performance, events or results and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual performance, events or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and information. These factors include: changes in priorities, plans, strategies and prospects; general economic, industry, business and market conditions; changes in law; the ability to implement business plans and strategies, and to pursue business opportunities; potential legal and regulatory claims, proceedings and investigations; disruptions or changes in the credit or securities markets; inflationary pressures; and various other events, conditions or circumstances that could disrupt Eros' priorities, plans, strategies and prospects.

Shareholders are cautioned that all forward-looking statements and information involve risks and uncertainties, including those risks and uncertainties set out above and as detailed in Eros's continuous disclosure and other filings with applicable Canadian securities regulatory authorities, copies of which are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to forward-looking statements and information that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the above-stated date or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated event, except as otherwise required by applicable legislations.

THE COMPANY

Eros Resources Corp.'s ("Eros" or the "Company") principal business activities include the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral resource properties in North America. The Company's corporate office is located at Suite 650, 1021 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia. Eros is a Tier 1 company on the TSXV Exchange.

Eros has as its prime business objective the identification and acquisition of advanced projects with a North America focus. A secondary focus of the Company is to make strategic investments with a global focus and a diverse commodity base. The Board and management's expertise in the resource sector supports strategic investments as being an appropriate and flexible alternative during a period of inadequate return received for capital invested by other means.

On July 19, 2015 Boss Power Corp. ("Boss") and Anthem Resources Incorporated ("Anthem") obtained shareholder approval of a transaction pursuant to which Boss acquired all of the issued and outstanding common shares of Anthem at a share exchange ratio of 0.75 of a common share of Boss for each common share of Anthem. Upon completion of the transaction, Boss, the resulting company, changed its name to Eros Resources Corp.

The transaction was accounted for as a reverse takeover ("RTO"), as control of the Company was acquired by the former shareholders of Anthem. Although Eros Resources Corp. is regarded as the legal parent, Anthem was treated as the acquirer under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as Anthem shareholders held more than 50% of the voting shares of the Company subsequent to the transaction. Prior to this transaction, Anthem owned 64.8% of Eros, so the transaction resulted in a restructuring of Anthem's share capital, as is further described in the notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

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OUTLOOK

Eros experienced a recent setback to its Bell Mountain Project as a result of the US Navy's planned expansion of the Fallon Range Training Complex. The Navy's plans, and the impact on Bell Mountain, is described in more detail under the Bell Mountain Project below. The timing of the announcement of these plans is unfortunate, as the studies necessary to support the completion of a PEA were substantially finished and just awaiting the preparation of reports and/or completion of minor additional laboratory work. This announcement left the Company with strategic investments that were performing well, but with substantial uncertainty regarding its lead exploration/development project.

The Company, in reviewing its situation as well as its assessment of the precious metal prospects, consider this to be a suitable time to identify and acquire advanced projects. It is Eros' intent to accelerate efforts to identify projects that meet certain criteria. Reorganization of the Company is underway to support these objectives.

EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

The exploration and evaluation asset spending to September 30, 2016 has been capitalized as follows:

	Saskatchewan	British Columbia	Quebec	Labrador/ Newfound -land	Nevada	Total
Balance at Dec. 31, 2015	\$ 3,212,756	\$ -	\$ 24,565	\$ 1	\$ 2,025,912	\$ 5,263,234
Additions:						
Acquisition costs	-	6,500	-	-	259,500	266,000
Claim maintenance	(180)	-	-	-	61,295	61,115
Geology/geophysics	-	-	-	-	283,618	283,618
Field support	-	-	-	-	90,584	90,584
Analyses, assays	-	-	-	-	68,691	68,691
Environmental and socioeconomic	-	-	-	-	206,735	206,735
	-	6,500	-	-	970,423	976,743
Balance at Sep. 30, 2016	\$ 3,212,756	\$ 6,500	\$ 24,565	\$ 1	\$ 2,996,335	\$ 6,239,977

The investment in and expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets comprise a significant portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in these assets is dependent upon the establishment of legal ownership, the attainment of successful production from the properties or from the proceeds of their disposal.

Mineral exploration and development is highly speculative and involves inherent risks. While the rewards if an ore body is discovered can be substantial, few properties that are explored ultimately develop into producing mines. There can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in the discovery of economically viable quantities of ore. The amounts shown for acquisition costs and deferred exploration expenditures represent costs incurred to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values. These costs will be depleted over the useful lives of the properties upon commencement of commercial production or will be written off if the properties are abandoned and the claims are allowed to lapse.

BELL MOUNTAIN and EASTGATE PROPERTIES, NV

Eros holds 100% title to the Bell Mountain gold-silver property located in the Fairview mining district, southeast of Reno, Nevada, approximately 54 miles (86 kilometres) from Fallon, Nevada.

In August 2016, the Department of the Navy of the United States Department of Defense issued a notice of its intent to conduct an environmental impact statement ("EIS") regarding a proposed expansion of the Fallon Range Training Complex. The Company's Bell Mountain Project consists of unpatented mining claims which are located on federal lands within the proposed EIS area. The Company is presently evaluating the notice and is conferring with various parties regarding the purpose of the notice and the potential effect on current users of the public lands. Preliminary analysis indicates that, while the Eastgate property is not captured by the planned expansion, it is anticipated that the potential loss of synergies with Bell Mountain will make the development of the Eastgate property alone more challenging.

Surface activity on the Bell Mountain site will be restricted until the proposed expansion's impact on Eros is resolved. In order limit potential lost time during the US Navy's activity, and to assist Eros in establishing the value of the asset, the Board has approved the completion of a PEA for the project.

Pursuant to an agreement with Kermode Resources Ltd. ("Kermode"), Eros purchased a 45% interest in the Eastgate property for a total of US\$650,000. Kermode (15% owner) and Eros now have the right to jointly and equally participate in the remaining purchases of a 15% and a 25% property interest. Either party may elect not to complete its share of the purchases, in which case, the other party may complete the purchase on its own account. The parties also have the right at any time to call for a joint venture arrangement with Blue Mountain, the underlying vendor. To this end, discussions regarding a possible Joint Venture agreement have been initiated.

Eros has the right to act as the operator during the exploration stage of the project. Further information on the acquisition is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on Eros's website at www.erosresources.com. See the press release dated May 25, 2015.

The Eastgate gold-silver property is situated in the Walker Lane, approximately 14.5 air miles (23.5 km) east-northeast from the Company's Bell Mountain property. The nearest town is Fallon, Nevada, about 63 road miles (101 km) to the west.

BRITISH COLUMBIA PROJECTS

KET and REN claims

The Company held a 100% interest in the Ket and Ren claims in southern British Columbia. Originally acquired for their uranium potential, exploration on these claims ceased immediately following the B.C. Government's announcement in April 2008 and the March 2009 Order in Council, effectively banning uranium and thorium exploration and development. The Company was successful in obtaining compensation from the B.C. Government for the loss of its right to develop these properties, and recorded a recovery of \$159,975 from the B.C. Government in relation to this matter.

Golden Triangle

The Company purchased a 5% minor investment interest in certain properties in the Golden Triangle area. The purchase of these rights included a minor share position in SnipGold Corp. These SnipGold Corp. shares were sold for more than the cost of the total acquisition.

SASKATCHEWAN PROJECTS

Athabasca Basin Projects

Anthem holds an interest in two Joint Venture agreements with Denison Mines Corp. In addition, the Company holds NSR royalty interests in several properties in Saskatchewan.

The properties were selected to target an unconformity-type or basement-hosted uranium deposit at or near the contact between the Athabasca sandstones and underlying basement rocks, similar to the nearby world-class Key Lake, Cigar Lake and McArthur River deposits.

DENISON JOINT VENTURE

Hatchet Lake and Murphy Lake - At the end of 2014, Anthem held a 41.94% and 41.06% interest in the joint ventures respectively, located in the shallow, eastern portion of the Athabasca basin of Saskatchewan. Denison Mines Corp. ("Denison") is the operator and the target is unconformity-type uranium deposits similar to the nearby McClean Lake mine. Anthem believes that the uranium market will remain depressed for the foreseeable future and therefore elected not to contribute to either program for 2015 or 2016. Program expenditures for 2015 have brought Eros to a 35.64% JV interest for Hatchet Lake, and 31.15% for Murphy Lake with further dilution expected for 2016.

The **Hatchet Lake** property is located just 17 km north of the McClean Lake uranium mill owned by AREVA-Denison-OURD. Access is by winter road or aircraft.

The property covers the strike continuation of faults and conductors which host nearby unconformity-related uranium deposits and prospects such as La Rocque Lake (Cameco) and Wolly (AREVA - Denison). Sandstone cover on the property is relatively thin, ranging from nil to approximately 120 metres.

While there has been considerable historic drilling on the property, particularly in the Richardson-Crooked Lake area, most of the holes were shallow and vertical, and did not effectively test the steeply dipping conductors, or targets in the basement. Nevertheless, a number of promising historic uranium and polymetallic base-metal (Co, Cu, Ni, Zn, As, Au) drill intercepts have been reported, including SMDC Hole 61 which intersected "uraniferous sulphide breccia" which assayed 7.34% Co, 1.66% Ni and 16.07% As over 2.5 m (and 5.0 m of 73 ppm U), Hole 74 which intersected 2,112 ppm U, 256 ppm As and 202 ppm Ni over 3.4 m, and Hole HT-96 which intersected 2,600 ppm U over 1.0 m, plus adjacent sections which assayed 5.95% Cu over 2 m and 0.612% Co over 2.5 m. The association of uranium with very high base-metal values is very encouraging as it is typical of the "polymetallic" class of sandstone-hosted deposits such as Cigar Lake, Roughrider and the Sue A, B, and E deposits.

In recent years, the JV partners have completed modern, deep penetrating airborne electromagnetic and magnetic surveys on all the claims, detailed ground surveys on specific targets and drilling on the Tuning Fork and Richardson-Crooked Lakes trends.

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A 13-hole, 2361-metre drill program was completed in February 2013. Significant uranium mineralization was discovered on the northern portion of the Richardson-Crooked Lakes trend. The best assay result was in drill hole RL-13-16, which intersected **0.45% U₃O₈ over 2.3 metres** beginning at 124.0 metres down the drill hole (approximately 112 m vertical depth below surface). This mineralization is hosted by Athabasca sandstone directly above the unconformity.

Significant results from this drill program are tabulated below:

Hole #	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	U ₃ O ₈ %	Au (g/t)*	Host Rocks
RL-13-13	136.85	137.00	0.15	1.51		Basement
RL-13-16	124.00	126.30	2.30	0.45		Sandstone
Including	124.00	124.50	0.50	1.46		
and	134.00	135.00	1.00		21.5	Basement
Including	134.50	135.00	0.50		39.1	Basement
And	135.50	136.00	0.50	0.098		Basement

*Gold determined by metallic assay at SRC Geoanalytical Laboratory.

The gold is hosted in a quartz vein cutting an altered pegmatite.

The uranium mineralization in holes RL-13-13 and 16 is open along strike, to depth and between the two holes, which are 100 m apart. The uranium values are associated with strong clay, hematite and chlorite alteration, an assemblage typical of unconformity-type deposits. The Company believes that the sandstone-hosted mineralization in hole RL-13-16 occurs 10 to 20 m away from the postulated intersection between the sub-Athabasca unconformity and a graphitic fault zone, which was cut some 40 m deeper in the basement by hole RL-13-14. This intersection is thought to be an ideal structural trap for high-grade uranium, and will be tested by future detailed drilling. Additional sampling of drill core for uranium, gold and pathfinder elements were conducted in summer 2013. In addition, the JV partners completed a radon-in-water survey in Richardson Lake.

A 10-hole, 2,025 m drill program was conducted in January and February 2014 on the Richardson-Crooked Lakes trend. Assay results were announced in a news release dated April 3, 2014.

Highlighted uranium intervals from the 2014 drill program include:

Hole #	Azimuth/dip	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	U ₃ O ₈ %	Cu %	Au g/t	Comment
RL-14-19	090/-65.0	124.2	132.7	8.5	0.025			Sandstone/Basement
Incl.		126.7	127.2	0.5	0.008		1.88	Sandstone
and		127.7	132.2	4.5	0.035	0.33		Basement
and		162.5	164.5	2.0		0.68		Basement
RL-14-21A	090/-65.5	121.0	122.0	1.0	0.026			Sandstone
and*		125.0	130.0	5.0*	0.058	1.10		Basement
and*		130.0	135.0	5.0*	0.005	0.21		Basement

Note: U₃O₈ is by total digestion method & Au by 15-gram fire assay with ICP-OES finish. Composite sample only, not split core.

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All 10 holes were angle holes designed to cut sub-vertical, conductive graphitic fault zones in the basement. The holes intersected the unconformity at vertical depths of 75 to 110 m below surface and tested additional structural and geophysical targets as deep as 50 to 100 m below the unconformity. Geologically, the 2014 drill program encountered many features indicative of a prospective environment for large, high-grade Athabasca-type uranium deposits including strong fracturing, desilicification (sanding), clay and hematite alteration in the sandstone, weak-to-strong chlorite and clay alteration, graphitic fault zones and sulphide mineralization in the basement.

Hole RL-14-27, drilled at -65 degrees dip and 047 azimuth, intersected Ag-Pb-Zn mineralization in faulted graphitic pelite in the basement, including 9.6 m grading 19.6 g/t Ag, 3.3% Pb and 0.27% Zn (true width unknown). The mineralization comprises disseminations and veinlets of galena and sphalerite and may be stratiform. The Ag-Pb-Zn mineralization is not radioactive and is located about 93 m along strike to the northwest of historic hole SMDC 61, which is reported to have cut 2.5 m of 7.34% Co, 1.66% Ni and 16.07% As (true width unknown). The relation, if any, between the differing types of mineralization in these holes is not understood.

Hole #	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Ag g/t	Pb %	Zn %	Comment
RL-14-27	148.0	163.4	15.4	21.0	2.24	0.34	Basement - graphitic pelite
including	148.0	157.6	9.6	19.6	3.30	0.27	
including	156.5	157.6	1.1	84.4	12.80	1.85	
and	159.9	163.4	3.5	37.9	0.82	0.75	

Due to weak uranium markets, the Company decided not to contribute to the JV spending for 2015 or 2016 and was diluted to an approximate 36 per cent interest, with further dilution to follow in 2016.

The **Murphy Lake** property is located approximately 20 km north of the McClean Lake uranium mill. Highway 905 crosses the property but access to most of the targets is by winter road or aircraft.

Asamera Oil, SMDC, Cogema and others previously explored the Murphy Lake property. Several interesting geological features including under-explored EM conductors and locally elevated geochemical values have been identified. Limited previous drilling has been completed including holes by Denison/Anthem JV and Cogema, which intersected anomalous uranium values at the unconformity or in the basement. Depth to uranium targets is shallow – less than 250 m.

Hole MP-08-01, drilled by the JV in 2008, tested one of the conductors and intersected a very promising zone of alteration and anomalous radioactivity (600-1700 counts per second) for 1.9 metres below the faulted unconformity contact, at a depth of 194 m. Analyses from two 20-centimetre samples of split core from this zone yielded uranium values of 537 and 724 ppm U.

A ground HLEM survey was completed on claim S-111636 in 2011 and follow-up drilling and geophysics is being considered for several targets on the property. A VTEM Plus airborne electromagnetic was flown over a portion of the property in Spring 2013.

The first drill hole of the summer 2015 program, Hole MP-15-03, intersected a new zone of uranium mineralization grading 0.2 per cent eU₃O₈ over 6.9 metres (eU₃O₈ is radiometric-equivalent uranium from a total gamma downhole probe). (News release of July 29, 2015). Newly received chemical assays for this intersection returned a slightly higher uranium grade over a slightly shorter interval of 0.25% U₃O₈ over 6.0 metres from 270.0 to 276.0 metres. Drilling was designed to test targets along strike and on section with MP-15-03.

Drilling confirmed the continuity of the intense hydrothermal sandstone alteration system, identified in 2015, over a strike length of 850 metres. Weak uranium mineralization was intersected in the sandstone associated with intense hematite and clay alteration in three drill holes; MP-16-08, MP-16-11 and MP-16-17. Drill hole MP-16-08, drilled on section with MP-15-03, identified uranium mineralization associated with a parallel graphitic fault zone approximately 70 metres to the south. Drill holes MP-16-11 and MP-16-17 were both drilled along strike to the west of drill hole MP-15-03 at 200 metres and 100 metres, respectively. Table 1 provides the highlights from drilling on the property to date.

Table 1: Summary of highlight intersections from the Murphy Lake 2016 Drilling Program

Drill Hole	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m) ⁴	U ₃ O ₈ (%)
MP-15-03 ^{2,5}	270.0	276.0	6.0	0.25
MP-16-08 ¹	275.65	278.55	2.9	0.19 ¹
MP-16-11 ²	267.5	282.0	14.5	0.13
(includes) ²	271.0	272.0	1.0	0.46
(and) ²	277.5	278.0	0.5	0.49
MP-16-17 ³	259.0	275.0	16.0	0.04
(includes) ³	262.5	263.0	0.5	0.12
(and) ³	268.0	268.5	0.5	0.13

Notes:

1. Significant core loss. Result reported as radiometric equivalent uranium ("eU₃O₈") from a calibrated total gamma down-hole probe and composited above a cut-off grade of 0.05% eU₃O₈
2. Intersection interval is composited above a cut-off grade of 0.05% U₃O₈
3. A cut-off grade has not been applied
4. As the drill holes dip steeply to the south and the unconformity mineralization is expected to be flat-lying, the true thickness of the mineralization is expected to be approximately 90% of the intersection lengths
5. Results reported previously

An additional 2.2 kilometres of interpreted strike length remains entirely untested both to the east and west of the mineralized trend noted above. Within the current DC-IP resistivity coverage, which extends 0.8 kilometres east and 1.4 kilometres west of the mineralized zone, several priority targets have been identified for drill testing. The ground gravity survey has produced gravity-low targets, in some cases coincident with DC-IP resistivity targets, and has delineated potential areas of unconformity offset to the north of the mineralized zone, which constitutes a further target area.

The mineralization at Murphy Lake is located at the sub-Athabasca unconformity and is associated with a zone of strong sandstone alteration including desilicification and clay over a hematite cap (cross section). Basement rocks immediately below the mineralization consist of graphitic pelitic gneisses cut by faults. As the mineralization is interpreted to be horizontal and the drill holes are steeply inclined, the true thickness is expected to be approximately 90% of the intersection length. Murphy Lake is a joint venture between Denison, the operator (68.8% interest) and Eros Resources Corp. (31.2% interest). The property is located approximately 30 kilometres from the McClean Lake mill in the northern area of the Athabasca Basin. The Athabasca Basin is generally regarded as a premiere uranium district, well known for hosting the highest grade uranium deposits in the world.

The technical information here based on the news release of April 21, 2016 has been reviewed and approved by Ross McElroy, P. Geol., Director of the Company and a Qualified Person as defined by Canada's National Instrument 43-101.

Due to weak uranium markets, Anthem decided not to contribute to the JV spending for 2015 or 2016 and was diluted to an approximate 31 per cent interest in 2015 with further dilution to follow in 2016.

QUEBEC

Otish Mountains property

In exchange for the Otish Mountains property, the Company held a promissory note for \$3,900,000 secured by the shares of Otish Minerals Ltd. ("Otish"), which owns the claims in the Otish Mountains. With the moratorium on uranium development in Quebec, the purchaser of the Otish property wrote its investment down to zero. As a result, the Company wrote down the promissory note and interest owed by Otish to zero.

On January 8 2015, Anthem executed a settlement agreement with Virginia Energy Resources Inc., whereby Virginia Energy transferred full ownership of subsidiary Otish Minerals Ltd. to Anthem in return for full and final satisfaction of its indebtedness to Anthem of \$3.9-million. Otish Minerals' primary asset is the Otish uranium property in central Quebec, which was explored by Anthem between 2007 and 2012. It also holds the Chateau Fort gold property described below.

In March, 2013, the government of Quebec announced it would conduct an impact study on the exploration and development of uranium in the province. The Bureau d'Audiences Publiques sur l'Environnement (BAPE) was given a mandate to complete this study and submitted their report to the Minister of Sustainable Development, Environment and the Fight Against Climate Change. In September 2015, the Minister then convened an interdepartmental committee to review the BAPE study. In the meantime, the government has said that no certificate of authorization will be issued for the exploration or development of uranium in Quebec until the study is well understood. The company is evaluating the negative effect of the BAPE study on its property and is in consultation with a legal firm.

Chateau Fort gold property

The Company completed substantial staking in late 2014 to nearly double the size of the Chateau Fort gold property held by its reacquired subsidiary Otish Minerals Ltd. The additional staking brought the property to 18,867 hectares in size and follows the discovery, by Visible Gold Mines Inc., of high-grade gold-copper-silver boulders at kilometre-147 and kilometre-150 along the newly constructed Route 167 Extension, a four-season road. The Chateau Fort gold property adjoins Visible Gold's property, as well as the past-producing, high-grade Eastmain gold mine of Eastmain Resources Inc. The claims were selected to cover prospective geology and geophysical trends from the Eastmain mine, as well as Au, Ag, Cu, Zn and As anomalies from proprietary, in-house surficial geochemical surveys (lake bottom, soil and stream sediments). Compilation work has identified at least eight high-priority targets for follow-up.

On March 23, 2015, the Company announced it has signed a binding letter of intent to option its Chateau Fort gold property to Tarku Resources Ltd. ("Tarku"). Under the terms of the agreement, Tarku can earn a 100% interest in the Property in return \$100,000 in cash and 8 million Tarku shares in staged payments over four years and a work commitment, subject to certain underlying diamond rights and Net Smelter Return Royalties. To date, \$15,000 cash has been paid and 2,000,000 shares of Tarku were issued to Eros under the agreement. In June 2016, the Company participated in a private placement from Tarku, purchasing 1,300,000 units at \$0.05 per unit. Each unit includes one warrant, entitling the holder to purchase one common share of Tarku for \$0.10 for 24 months from closing. In addition, during the quarter the Company received the repayment from Tarku of a promissory note in the amount of \$54,934 plus interest.

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INVESTMENT IN SKEENA RESOURCES

In April 2015, the Company entered into an arrangement with Skeena Resources Limited (“Skeena”) with exclusivity terms and a conversion option to invest \$1,500,000 in Skeena. The funds were exclusively for exploration activities that qualify as eligible Canadian Exploration Expenditures (“CEE”). Under the terms of the arrangement, the earned-in interest has been converted to 25,000,000 common shares of Skeena.

In addition, the Company subscribed for 18,750,000 units of Skeena at a price of \$0.08 per unit, in a private placement which closed on July 22, 2016. Each unit consisted of one common share and one half of one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable for a period of three years at \$0.12 in the first year, \$0.14 in the second year, and \$0.16 in the third year.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table reports selected financial information of the Company for the past eight quarters commencing with the reported financial information for the most recent quarter.

Quarter ended	30-Sep-16	30-Jun-16	31-Mar-16	31-Dec-15
Capitalized property acquisition and exploration costs	\$ (137,073)	\$ (543,547)	\$ (285,844)	\$ (55,513)
Revenue ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,778)	\$ 44,428	\$ (178,724)	\$ (390,899) ⁽²⁾
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 3,136,370	\$ 1,512,783	\$ 311,353	\$ (390,899) ⁽²⁾
Net Income (loss) per share	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)

Quarter ended	30-Sep-15	30-Jun-15	31-Mar-15	Anthem 31-Dec-14
Capitalized property acquisition and exploration costs	\$ 131,438	\$ 1,613,942 ⁽³⁾	\$ 37,027	\$ 31,481
Revenue	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	(392,971)	(121,623)	(1,236,303)	(336,731)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (392,971)	\$ (121,623)	\$ (1,236,303)	\$ (336,731)
Income (loss) per share	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.00)

⁽¹⁾ the Company is in the exploration stage and has no revenue.

⁽²⁾ Includes write down of Webb River property of \$293,430.

⁽³⁾ The Company acquired the Bell Mountain and Eastgate properties in Nevada.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes the Company’s share of equity income in the Eros Power investment of \$6,861,947, a write off of exploration and evaluation assets of \$3,333,539, an impairment of marketable securities of \$1,637,390 and an impairment of the promissory note of \$3,554,181.

Income for the three months ended September 30, 2016

A net loss of \$2,778 (2015 – loss of \$392,971) was recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2016, primarily due to the payout on settlement of the B.C. Government’s ban on uranium and thorium development. Together with the gain realized on foreign exchange, and interest income, the three amounts were large enough to offset the Company’s expenses in the quarter. Notably, professional fees, transfer agent and listing fees and consulting fees have all decreased substantially since the 2015 quarter as a result of focusing on reducing costs in several areas.

In addition, a sizeable increase in the unrealized gain on marketable securities, from a loss of \$99,984 in Q3 2015 to a gain of \$3,139,148 in 2016, added a substantial amount to comprehensive income.

Loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2016

A loss of \$137,073 (2015 – loss of \$1,904,882) was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, primarily due to substantial savings in most areas. Savings of \$480,000 in professional fees, \$604,000 related to the loss on divisive reorganization, \$116,000 related to the share of loss from equity investee, and \$110,000 related to consulting fees, were mainly related to legal fees and other costs incurred in 2015 to complete the Reverse Take Over.

In addition, there was no gain on sale of marketable securities in 2015, for a 2016 improvement of \$245,000. Share based compensation decreased by \$168,000 from 2015 to 2016. This is as a result of a lower value of stock options vesting in 2016 vs 2015. Finally, the payout on settlement of the B.C. Government’s ban on uranium and thorium development was another \$160,000 benefit to 2016 that did not occur in 2015.

A sizeable increase in the unrealized gain on marketable securities, from a loss of \$313,347 in 2015 to a gain of 5,097,580 in 2016, added a substantial amount to comprehensive income.

Cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2016

Cash used in operating activities was \$272,208 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 as compared with the \$1,179,745 used in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, for reasons explained in the income statement section. In addition, in the 2015 period, funds were primarily invested in marketable securities, resulting in the acquisition of Boss Power, and the cash inflow as a result of that transaction. In 2016, Eros continued to invest the proceeds from the acquisition of Boss Power into marketable securities and evaluation and exploration.

Cash flows for the three months ended September 30, 2016

Cash generated by operating activities was \$77,962 in Q3-2016, a significant improvement from Q3-2015, due primarily to having nearly break-even net earnings in the 2016 quarter, and due to a substantial repayment of accounts payable and accrued liabilities in Q3-2015. In addition, in both Q3-2016 and Q3-2015, investments were made into marketable securities and Skeena respectively. However, recoveries and other positive investing cash inflows that occurred in Q3-2015 did not occur in Q3-2016. This resulted in approximately \$1m more cash being used in investing activities in Q3-2016 as compared with Q-3 2015.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At September 30, 2016, the Company had working capital¹ of \$4,860,856 as compared to working capital of \$7,538,810 at December 31, 2015, representing a decrease in working capital, and in liquidity, of \$2,677,954.

The Company’s Nevada operations have programs budgeted at approximately \$1.3 million for 2016, \$600,000 to advance the Bell Mountain property and \$400,000 on Eastgate should a small core drilling program proceed. Programs include environmental and weather data collection, database management of drill holes, surveys and assay data, interpretation of geologic mapping of all deposits completed in 2015 and support cost centres.

The Company’s Nevada operations have a budget for Bell Mountain of \$100,000 US to complete a PEA. Eros’ Nevada base will continue to be used to evaluate advanced opportunities within the region.

A deferred income tax liability of approximately \$3.7 million is a result of the settlement with the Province of British Columbia. This liability can be eliminated by spending approximately \$15 million in Canadian acquisitions and exploration expenditures within the next 10 years.

The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the ability of the Company to raise additional equity financing or the attainment of profitable operations. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in achieving either one of these goals. Although the Company has been successful in raising funds to date, there can be no assurance that adequate or sufficient funding will be available in the future, or under terms acceptable to the company. The Company’s discretionary activities do have considerable scope for flexibility in terms of the amount and timing of expenditures, and expenditures have been adjusted accordingly.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management compensation

Key management personnel at the Company are the directors and officers of the Company. The remuneration of key management personnel during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Short-term benefits	\$ 113,327	\$ 160,751

Short-term benefits consist exclusively of salaries, bonuses, health benefits and consulting fees for key management personnel.

Related party transactions are measured in the normal course of business at the exchange amount as agreed by the parties.

The Company has no written or verbal contractual commitments with related parties. In relation to short term benefits as defined above: during the nine months ended September 30, 2016, Keewatin Consultants (2002) Ltd was paid \$40,500 (2015: \$40,500) for services of the Chief Executive Officer, Forde Management & Associates Ltd. was paid \$20,880 (2015: \$43,840) for services of the Chief Financial Officer, Andrew MacRitchie was paid \$15,000

¹ Working capital is a non-GAAP measure and is defined as “current assets less current liabilities”

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(2015: \$nil) for services of the Chief Financial Officer. Each of the directors was paid \$1,000 per month for their service. 1,075,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.20 were distributed to Directors, the CEO and the CFO in August of 2016. In addition, 2,250,000 options exercisable at prices from \$0.1333 to \$0.1733 were re-issued on July 16, 2015 as replacement for the Anthem options that were cancelled under the RTO. Other than the amounts disclosed above, there were no short-term employee benefits or share-based payments paid to key management personnel during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Investment

In April 2015, the Company entered into an arrangement to invest \$1,500,000 in Skeena Resources Limited ("Skeena") with exclusivity terms and a conversion option. The funds were to be used exclusively for exploration activities that qualify as eligible Canadian Exploration Expenditures ("CEE"). As the companies were unable to negotiate a joint venture agreement, the interest was converted to 25,000,000 common shares of Skeena. On April 21, 2016, the Company exercised its option and received 25,000,000 common shares of Skeena. Eros and Skeena share a common director and officer.

On March 23, 2015, the Company announced it has signed a binding letter of intent to option its Chateau Fort gold property to Tarku Resources Ltd. ("Tarku"). Under the terms of the agreement, Tarku can earn a 100% interest in the Property in return \$100,000 in cash and 8 million Tarku shares in staged payments over four years and a work commitment, subject to certain underlying diamond rights and Net Smelter Return Royalties. To date, \$15,000 cash has been paid and 2,000,000 shares of Tarku were issued to Eros under the agreement. In June 2016, the Company participated in a private placement from Tarku, purchasing 1,300,000 units at \$0.05 per unit. Each unit includes one warrant, entitling the holder to purchase one common share of Tarku for \$0.10 for 24 months from closing. In addition, during the quarter the Company received the repayment from Tarku of a promissory note in the amount of \$54,934 plus interest. Eros and Tarku share a common director.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

There are no proposed transactions.

NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Several amendments to existing accounting standards have been adopted on January 1, 2016.

Additional or specific guidance is provided in standards IFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale* for cases in which an entity reclassifies an asset from held for sale to held-for-distribution or vice versa and IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosure* to clarify servicing contract involvement and offsetting disclosures. These amendments may result in additional disclosure in future periods but had no impact on the current period.

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements.

A finalized version of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*, which contains accounting requirements for financial instruments, replaces IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. The standard contains requirements in classification and measurement, impairment of financial assets, hedge accounting and

derecognition of financial assets and liabilities carried forward from IAS 39. The Company is in the process of determining the impact of IFRS 9 on its financial statements. This updated standard is applicable to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 16 *Leases*: replaces IAS 17 "*Leases*" and the related interpretive guidance. The new standard will eliminate the current dual accounting model of leases by lessees, which distinguishes between on-balance sheet finance leases and off-balance sheet operating leases. The new standard will, instead, distinguish between a lease and a service contract on the basis of whether the customer controls the asset being leased. For those assets determined to meet the definition of a lease, IFRS 16 introduces significant changes to the accounting by lessees, including a single on-balance sheet accounting model that is similar to current finance lease accounting, with limited exceptions for short-term leases or leases of low-value assets. Lessor accounting is not substantially changed. The Company expects the new standard to result in some leases that are currently accounted for under the operating lease method being added to the balance sheet. Such adjustments, however, are not yet quantifiable as the Company's assets under lease may be different at the time of standard implementation. This updated standard is applicable to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair Values

The Company's carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short term to maturity.

Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company deposits cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality financial institutions. The total exposure of the Company to credit risk is represented by the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable as shown in the balance sheet.

Interest Rate Risk

Included in the income for the year in these financial statements is interest income on Canadian dollar cash and cash equivalents. If interest rates throughout the period ended September 30, 2016 had been 10 basis points (0.1%) lower (higher) then net income would have been approximately \$2,000 lower (\$2,000 higher).

Liquidity Risk

The Company is subjected to liquidity risk to the extent of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities only. These amounts, as shown in the Company's balance sheet, all mature within 90 days of September 30, 2016.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTY

Success in the mining exploration business is measured by a company's ability to raise funds, secure properties of merit and, ideally, identify commercial deposits on one of its properties. The attainment of these objectives is influenced by many factors not necessarily within management's control.

Risk factors include political risks and government interference, the establishment of undisputed title to mineral properties, environmental concerns and obtaining governmental permits and licenses when required.

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The resource industry is intensely competitive in all of its phases, and the Company competes with many companies possessing far greater financial resources and technical facilities. Competition could adversely affect the Company's ability to acquire, explore and develop properties in the future.

The ability to raise funds is in part dependent on the state of the junior resource stock market, which in turn is dependent on the economic climate, metal prices and perceptions as to market trends.

The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash with major financial institutions.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Some of the directors of the Company are also directors of other companies that are similarly engaged in the business of acquiring, exploring and developing natural resource properties. Such associations may give rise to conflicts of interest. In particular, one of the consequences will be that corporate opportunities presented to a director of the Company may be offered to another company or companies with which the director is associated, and may not be presented or made available to the Company. The directors of the Company are required by law to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company, to disclose any interest which they may have in any project or opportunity of the Company, and to abstain from voting on such matter. Conflicts of interest that arise will be subject to and governed by Business Corporations Act (British Columbia), applicable securities law, and the procedures prescribed in the corporate governance guidelines published by the BCSC and TSX-V.

OTHER MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Additional disclosure for venture issuers without significant revenue:

Capital Stock as at November 25, 2016:

Authorized:

Unlimited number of voting common shares

Unlimited number of redeemable, retractable, convertible, preferred shares

Issued: 41,866,354 common shares

Options:

862,500 at \$0.1333 until March 10, 2019

225,000 at \$0.16 until May 22, 2019

375,000 at \$0.1733 until June 3, 2020

900,000 at \$0.1733 until June 5, 2020

1,325,000 at \$0.20 until August 16, 2021

3,687,500

Fully diluted: 45,553,854

List of Directors and Officers

Directors

Tom MacNeill, *Saskatoon, SK*

Ross McElroy, *Kelowna, BC*

Ronald K. Netolitzky, *Victoria, BC*

Donald Siemens, *Langley, BC*

Ron Stewart, *Mississauga, ON*

Officers

Ronald K. Netolitzky, President & *CEO*

Andrew MacRitchie, CFO & Corporate Secretary

Auditors Smythe LLP

Legal Counsel McKercher LLP